

Halin da ake ciki kamar cututtukan coronavirus da sauri yana haifar da rashin fahimta,jita-jita da baya-nan karya ko labarai na karya, kamar yadda muka gani tare da rikice-rikice da yawa Kasarmu ta san wani lokaci. Muna da wani aiki a kanmu da rawar da za mu taka yayin yakar wannan kwayar cuta ta hanyar tabbatar da cewa mun rarraba bayanai daga ingantattun bayanai ingantattu kuma Ka kunna fitilun fellowan uwanmu foran ƙasa don alhakin yanke hukunci mai mahimmanci. Yaƙin gangami na **Coronavirus CivActs (CCC)** ya tattara jita-jita, damuwa da tambayoyi daga al'ummomi a Jamhuriyar Nijar don rufe gibin da ke tsakanin bayanai game da gwamnati, kafofin watsa labarai, kungiyoyi masu zaman kansu / ADs da 'yan ƙasa. Ta hanyar samar wa jama'a hujjoji, kungiyoyin ayyukanmu tabbatar da kyakkyawar fahimta game da bukatun dangane da COVID-19 da kuma lalata jita-jita kafin su iya yin ƙarin lahani.

A HALIN YANZOU MUTUN DARI BAKOYE DA TASHIN DA BIYAR (795) SUN KA KAMU DA CUTAR

DARI DA HAMCIN DA DAYA

(151) A KAN KULAWA

ARBAHIN DA HUDU

(44) SUN RASA RAYUKANSU

MUTUN DARI SHIDA

(600) SUN WARKE.



Wanke hannu AKAI AKAI
taré sa sabulu



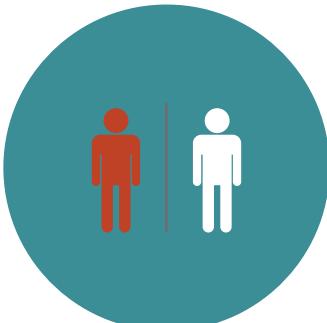
Rufe bakinka da hanci da tchale na zamani.
A jefar da shi



Saka rufe fuska lokacin
da ba da lafiya



Guji taba mutane



Nisan aminci mita daya
(1m)



Guji ta fuska

Coronavirus a Afirka: me yasa bala'in da aka sanar bai faru?

Afirka ta nuna fuska ga cutar daidaitawa da kuma bidi'a wanda zai zama dole don amfani da karfi. Amma sauran cututtuka za su zo da tsarin lafiyar gaba daya, hadin kai da dorewa wanda Nahiyar ke bukata ya rage da za a gina.

Guji abubuwanda ke gudana a duk farashin da kuma iyakance lokuta. A Nahiyar Afirka, inda yawan masu mutuwa da ke da alaƙa da Covid-19 ya ragu, hukumomin ƙasar suna ƙoƙarin, ta ƙara yawa ko ƙasa da matakam ƙuntatawa, don shawo kan yaduwar cutar kuma suna yin shiri don kula da marasa lafiya da sauri.

Tushen

Jeune Afrique

Afirka ta fuskatar cutur Coronavirus Covid 19

Tun lokacin da aka fara shari'ar coronavirus a cikin nahiyan, 14 ga Fabrairu a Masar, masana sun yi hasashen yanayin labari mai ban tsoro. Afirka za ta kasance cikin sauri cikin sauri ta hanyar annobar cutar Covid-19 tare da mabudin matsalar lafiya a cikin wata kasa talakawa ga tsarin rashin lafiyar. Kungiyar Duniya ta Lafiya (WHO) ta kira nahiyan kusan a kowace rana "don gabatar shirya wa mafi munin." Watanni biyu bayan haka, har yanzu tsunami bai yi ba wuri, yayin da kasashen Turai da Amurka ke da karfi buga.

Duk da wadannan karfin, Afirka tana hadarin biyan farashin annobar Covid-19. Sakamakon rufewar iyaka, matakhan garkuwa da hauhawar farashin abinci, "yawan mutanen da ke cikin hadarin barazanar yunwa a ciki Yamacin Afirka na iya kusan sau uku a cikin watanni uku, "in ji kungiyar Oxfam ta NGO ranar 21 ga Afrilu. Harin ofan fari shima yana haifar da hakan lalacewa a yanzu a Gabashin Afirka. A Habasha, kadada miliyan 200,000 An kone kasar noma kuma mutane miliyan ddaya yanzu suna bukatar taimakon abinci na gaggawa. The Har ila yau cutar ta kwalara ya dakatar da yawancin kamuwa da cutar, cutar kyanda da kamuwa da cutar ta kwalara. A cikin Afirka, coronavirus ba shi da fifikon mazau-na.

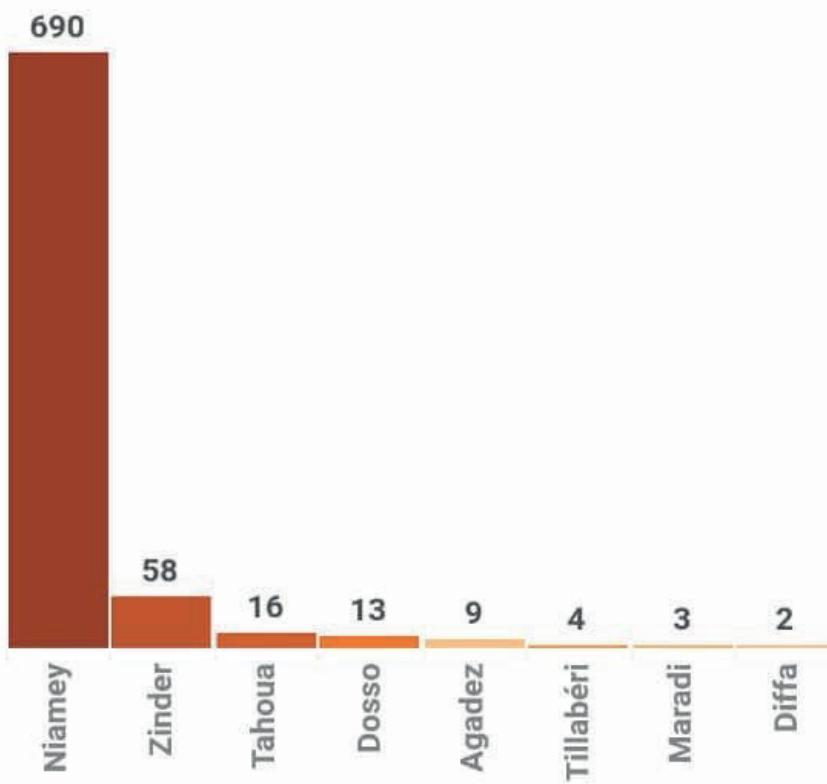
Tushen

Futura Santé

**Kungiyar Accountability Lab Nijer ke gabatar da labarun
yaki da cuta coronavirus**



yankin kasa na Nijar



Ƙungiyar Accountability Lab Nijer ke gabatar da labarun
yaki da cuta coronavirus

