Situations like the coronavirus pandemic can quickly become a catalyst for social conflict due to misinformation, rumours and fake news, as we’ve seen in the past. Every day we continue to see more false information shared throughout our communities, confusing citizens and leaving them unsure where to ask their questions.

The Liberia Coronavirus CivicActs Campaign (CCC) captures rumours and perceptions among communities to eliminate information gaps and debunk rumours before they can do more harm.

COVID-19 Stats for Liberia

1436 confirmed cases
- 4.2% of all confirmed cases are active
- 90% of all confirmed cases have been recovered
- 5.7% of all confirmed cases have so far died
- 0.02% of Liberia’s total population (5 million) have been affected by the coronavirus

Age range of the affected case is 1 month to 77 years with median age of 41 years

Cases by gender

Deaths cases per COVID-19 treatment unit, health facility, community

Daily case update as of Nov. 2, 2020

- No new confirmed case
- No new death case
- 11 new recovery case

66 contacts under follow up

Active mobile hotlines: 4455 & +23177 763 8190
Is it true that most people who get COVID-19 do not recover from the virus?

Most people who get COVID-19 have mild or moderate symptoms and can recover with supportive care. If you have a cough, fever and difficulty breathing, call your health facility by telephone first. If you have a fever and live in an area with malaria or other mosquito-borne diseases, seek medical care immediately.

Is it true that WHO has approved hydroxychloroquine for the treatment and prevention of COVID-19 sickness?

While several drug trials are ongoing, there is currently no proof that hydroxychloroquine or any other drug can cure or prevent COVID-19. The misuse of hydroxychloroquine can cause serious side effects and illness and even lead to death. WHO is still coordinating efforts to develop and evaluate drugs to treat COVID-19.

Is it true that cold weather and the rainy season can kill the COVID-19 virus quickly?

There is no reason to believe that cold weather can kill the new coronavirus or any other disease. The normal body temperature remains around 36.5 degrees celsius to 37 degrees celsius, regardless of the external temperature or weather. The most effective way to protect yourself against COVID-19 is by frequently cleaning your hands with alcohol-based hand rub or washing them with soap and water.
KEY AREAS OF INTERVENTIONS

1. **Strengthening Health Systems**
   Supporting efficient functioning of health systems in Liberia to reduce new infection and contain the spread; coordination of actors involved in the response, under the leadership of WHO; contact-tracing and emergency deployment of crisis response surge capacity and logistical capacity of health systems, including fast-track procurement and payment of Health Workers.

2. **Inclusive and Integrated Crisis Management and Multi-Sectoral Response**
   Communication of critical risks, strengthening the social contract and mitigation of socio-economic impacts; promoting communication and advocacy to reduce stigma and promote social cohesion; strengthening community mobilization and surveillance, including cross-border surveillance and cooperation; scaling up alternative livelihoods, strengthening community-police relations through community policing; promoting contactless payment systems and solutions; facilitating delivery of basis social services at decentralized levels; contributing to socio-economic impact studies, particularly on MSMEs and vulnerable/marginalized groups and analyses to support expansion of the fiscal space; ensuring human rights and improving access to justice; promoting inclusive socio-economic and political participation.

3. **Socio-Economic Impact and Recovery**
   Facilitate post-recovery operation, working through the early recovery cluster and through its programmes create and scale up opportunities for livelihoods in communities; foster financial inclusion, particularly for women, youth and the rural poor; strengthen cross-border cooperation policy analyses and create the space for stronger private sector engagement in Liberia’s recovery and development, including through improving the rule of law, and access to justice; reinforcing the government’s ability to delivery basis services in counties; mobilize resources for Liberia’s recovery and longer term development.
COVID-19 Security Response
Liberia National Police Hotlines

Montserrado

- Zone 1  Bushrod Island: 0770800501, 0770800990, 0770800911
- Zone 2  Central Monrovia: 0770800502, 0770800990, 0770800911
- Zone 3  Congo Town: 0770800503, 0770800990, 0770800911
- Zone 4  Garnesville/Barnesville: 0770800504, 0770800911, 0770800990
- Zone 5  Paynesville: 0770800505, 0770800991, 0770800990
- Zone 6  Brewerville: 0770800506, 0770800911, 0770800990
- Zone 7  Corwell: 0770800507, 0770800990, 0770800911
- Zone 8  Paynesville ELWA/Rehab/RIA Highway: 0770800508, 0770800990, 0770800911
- Zone 9  Somalia Drive/Jacob Town: 0770800509, 0770800911
- Zone 10  Vai Town, up to Freeport.: 0770800510, 0770800990, 0770800911
- Zone 11  Mont Barclay - Kakata Highway up to 15 Gate: 0770800511, 0770800990, 0770800911

Other Senior Police supervisors numbers:
- 0770800117 - Chief of Patrol and head of Zone and depots
- 0770800142 - Head of Monrovia Region
- 0770800125 - ERU Chief
- 0770800121 - PSU Chief
- 0770800190 - Chief of Small Arms
- 0770800109 - Senior Inspector
Follow these steps to help prevent the spread of coronavirus

- Stay at home unless you provide an essential service.
- Keep washing your hands frequently with soap for a minimum of 20 seconds. Use hand sanitizer (with at least 60% alcohol) if soap and water are not available.
- Cover your nose and mouth (with your elbow or a tissue) when sneezing.
- Avoid crowded places and practice physical distancing. If you think you have been exposed to someone with coronavirus, quarantine yourself for a minimum of 14 days and monitor any symptoms.
- The Center for Disease Control (CDC) has confirmed six new possible coronavirus symptoms. They are chills, repeated shaking with chills, muscle pain, headaches, a sore throat, new loss of taste and smell. The original reported symptoms remain fever, tiredness and a dry cough.

Do you have any questions about coronavirus? Have you heard any rumors? Send us your questions at ccc@accountabilitylab.org so we can address them!